



## Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact [support@jstor.org](mailto:support@jstor.org).

### ENDORSEMENT OF THE BOARD OF REVIEW

A statement of the budget and the methods of making it was made to the Board of Review of the Interchurch World Movement on December 19th by the Director of the American Educational Division and was approved, along with those of other divisions of the survey, in the following terms:

“The Board of Review having had an opportunity to hear from the leaders of the Interchurch World Movement a summary of their plans, and to look over a statement of expenditures incurred and proposed, begs to report that in its judgment:

“1. The plans are wisely and conservatively drawn, and not more extensive than necessary in view of the stupendous and unparalleled undertaking contemplated.

“2. The expenditures are carefully and judiciously planned, and, though running into important sums, are relatively small when compared with the results in accomplishment, spiritual, educational and financial, which are justly to be anticipated.

“3. The panorama of the world need disclosed in the surveys which have been presented to us as a Board of Review during the past two days and nights, for our detailed consideration, has greatly moved us by its magnitude and appeals to us in its inspiring challenge.

“4. As a Board of Review, we have considered the budgets of the co-operating denominations and also the surveyed needs of the unoccupied fields of the entire world, and we expect to present a detailed report concerning them to the World Survey Conference.

“ERNEST D. BURTON,	CORNELIUS H. PATTON,
CHARLES E. BURTON,	MRS. H. W. PEABODY,
MRS. F. S. BENNETT,	JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER, Jr.,
ALFRED E. MARLING,	ROBERT E. SPEER,
ALEXANDER R. NICOL,	JAMES M. SPEERS,
F. W. PADELFOORD,	DAVID W. TEACHOUT,
HUBERT C. HERRING,	CHARLES R. WATSON.”

### BOARD ESTIMATES

The estimates referred to by the Board of Review, as they apply to American Education, follow. This indicates the development of the budget making process up to the date of the closing of the books on January 2, 1920.

#### Estimated Needs for a Term of Five Years

Baptist—	
Northern Convention .....	\$ 29,040,000
Seven-day .....	2,283,100
Christian—	
Christian Church, American Christian Con- vention .....	3,437,500
Congregational—	
Congregational Churches .....	43,018,361
Disciples—	
Disciples of Christ.....	43,466,332
Friends—	
Society of Friends.....	7,500,000
Lutheran—	
United Lutheran Church in America.....	7,302,000
Methodist—	
Methodist Episcopal .....	110,143,000
Methodist Episcopal, South.....	30,000,000
Methodist Protestant .....	3,000,000
Presbyterian—	
Presbyterian in the United States of America..	83,782,712
Presbyterian in the United States.....	10,000,000
United Presbyterian .....	8,478,000
Reformed—	
Reformed Church in the United States of America .....	5,530,000
United Brethren—	
Church of the United Brethren in Christ.....	9,745,000
TOTAL .....	\$396,726,005

These estimates of needs, as is indicated, are agencies' estimates; that is, estimates of boards of education affiliated with the Council of Church Boards of Education. They are not complete or final, but they indicate results secured by a certain definite process which is briefly set forth here.

They include the estimates of the boards for institutions and agencies represented by the four branches of the American Educational Division of the Interchurch Survey—the College branch, the Tax Supported Institutions branch, the Theological Seminary and Religious Training School branch, and the Secondary Schools branch.

## PRINCIPLES FOR COLLEGES AND SECONDARY SCHOOLS

The Association of American Colleges defined the minimum and the efficient college, after three years of study, in 1917, and the American Educational Division of the Inter-church World Movement, immediately upon its organization, adopted this definition as affording the guiding principles for the procedure of the Division within the college field. At the last meeting of the Council of Church Boards of Education held in New York on December 16-17, 1919, the following statement of principles for determining the budgets for the colleges of the several boards was adopted:

"In order that the educational budgets of the various denominations may be reasonably consistent, it is agreed by the Council of Church Boards of Education that the 'Askings' of the various denominational colleges shall be reviewed by Board Secretaries and that the following principles shall be applied in making such reviews:

"1. That the 'Minimum' and the 'Efficient' college (except that the figures for income and endowment should be increased approximately 50% on account of the high cost of living) be made the norm by which the askings of standard colleges shall be tested by boards connected with this Council, the number of college students to determine whether a particular institution shall be classified as 'minimum' or 'efficient' or in between.

"In accordance with this norm the 'minimum' standard college and the 'efficient' standard college should have the following personnel, income and assets:

	Minimum	Efficient
<i>Personnel—</i>		
Students .....	100	500
Faculty .....	10	50
<i>Income—</i>		
From endowment or gifts (exclusive of receipts from tuition or fees).....	\$ 30,000	\$ 165,000
<i>Assets—</i>		
Campus and buildings.....	300,000	900,000
Equipment .....	50,000	85,000
Endowment .....	600,000	3,300,000
	<u>\$950,000</u>	<u>\$4,285,000</u>

“2. That the junior colleges or the colleges which, though they bestow academic degrees, fall below the usual requirements of a standard college, shall not be endorsed for more than sufficient to bring them up to the income called for and the amount required for buildings, equipments and endowment as listed under the ‘minimum’ college.

“3. That the askings of secondary schools for income and endowment shall not be approved beyond an amount sufficient to bring their income from endowment up to \$10,000 annually or their total productive endowment to more than \$200,000.

“4. That the amount to be sought for each institution during the first year of the five-year campaign shall include:

“(a) A sum for current expenses which, when added to the receipts of the institution from endowment, shall make its total income from sources other than tuition or fees, equal to 5% of the total amount of endowment sought for said institution.

“(b) One-fifth of the amount which, by the application of this principle 1, is allotted to the institution as necessary for buildings, equipment and endowment.

“(c) The guiding principle controlling recommendations (a) and (b) is that each institution should be provided with an adequate sum for current expenses during the first year, but that the amount sought for buildings, equipment and endowment should be considered for the period of five years, one-fifth of the total to be asked for annually.

“When colleges have more than 500 college students the approved askings may exceed the amounts designated for the ‘efficient’ college in proportion as the number of college students exceeds 500.

---

### **THEOLOGICAL SEMINARIES AND RELIGIOUS TRAINING SCHOOLS.**

The Council of Church Boards of Education also approved the report upon Theological Seminaries and Religious Training Schools. The Boards of Education made their estimates in conformity with principles independently developed.

The task of this division is three-fold:

1. To discover the name and the location of every Prot-

estant institution which is now training students for professional and lay religious leadership in the churches;

2. To learn how well these schools are doing the work with which they are entrusted; and,

3. To ascertain what will be necessary to co-ordinate and bring them to their maximum efficiency.

In order intelligently to provide ways and means whereby these schools may, in the best possible way, serve the cause of higher religious education, this three-fold task must be performed.

In attempting to discover a satisfactory "norm" to serve as a guide in estimating the needs of a given school, it has been found that vast differences now obtain, not only between schools of different denominations, but even between schools of the same denomination. Sufficient data relative to these institutions are not yet available to establish the much needed norm or standard. As no survey of these institutions has ever been made, entirely too little is known of them as a whole. They have been brought into existence, during the last two centuries, to meet specific needs under varied conditions and circumstances. Their academic requirements and standards have been and are quite as numerous and varied. For some schools the original conditions have so changed that they find themselves greatly in need of help to readjust themselves to new situations.

This makes more apparent the great need of making a scientific survey of the entire field, including schools of all sizes and kinds. As the studies of the American Colleges, made during the last decade, have resulted in great and lasting good for the cause of higher education, so also a similar study of the Theological Seminaries and Training Schools of North America will inevitably issue in the advancement of higher religious education.

The present survey has not gone far enough to warrant definite conclusions; but it has progressed sufficiently far to reveal the fact that existing conditions make a most complete and thoroughgoing investigation imperative if, during the decades immediately ahead of us, the cause of theological education is to go forward on any large, constructive plan. The wisdom and the sanity of such a constructive program will be

measured entirely by its basis in fact. When the facts are accurately known, then, but not till then, can Protestantism possibly be sure what it must do in order to make possible the training and the development of an adequate Christian leadership.

UNIVERSITY CENTERS.

The report of the survey of tax supported education revealed the fact that the survey must be completed before budget estimates for Christian training in the centers can be made to cover the entire field; but some facts are now established that form a basis for a general estimate.

The number of university and school centers included in the survey, where Church co-operation for the Christian training of students is probably needed, is as follows:

1. State Universities and Colleges of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts	92
2. Student centers in cities made up of State University Professional Schools	15
3. State Normal Schools and Colleges	165
4. Municipal Universities	8
5. Large Universities receiving part of income from public funds	2
6. County and City Normal Schools	59
There is a much larger number of schools of this type not as yet included in the scope of the survey.	
7. Large independent Universities receiving no support from public funds, included in survey because the large number of students calls for co-operation of the churches for training for Christian service	9
8. Federal Institutions	2
TOTAL	352

Each center should have enough, and only enough, well appointed churches to meet the community and student needs. It is necessary to have rooms for classes, offices and social purposes, and residences for the employed staff. In centers where the churches are too far from the student quarter, a building is needed to house the unified activities of the co-operating Churches and Associations. In some centers Schools of Religion are being developed requiring more expensive equipment.

The minimum amount required to provide residences for the employed staff of church workers, aid in erecting or enlarging church buildings, and the partial endowments varies from \$500,000 to \$750,000 in the centers where the work is organized far enough to give basis for an estimate.

These figures are given on the assumption that a large part of the annual budget should come from living sources.

The amount will vary with the ability of the local community and the number of students as compared with the population of the community.

As an indication of what may be required, the proposed budget of the Presbyterian Board (U. S. A.) for work in fifty-five centers presented to the New Era Commission totals \$5,391,500.

---

### **THE COUNCIL OF CHURCH BOARDS OF EDUCATION AND THE FEDERAL COUNCIL OF CHURCHES OF CHRIST IN AMERICA**

Dr. Robert L. Kelly is the representative of the Council of Church Boards of Education on the Administrative Committee of the Federal Council of Churches of Christ in America.

The following individuals represent the Council of Church Boards of Education on the Commission on Christian Education of the Federal Council:

Dr. Frank W. Padelford, Board of Education, Northern Baptist Convention.

Dr. Abram W. Harris, Board of Education, Methodist Episcopal Church.

Dr. H. H. Sweets, Board of Education, Presbyterian Church in the United States.

Dr. H. O. Pritchard, Board of Education, Disciples of Christ.

Dr. E. P. Hill, General Board of Education, Presbyterian Church in the U. S. A.

Rev. Paul Micou, General Board of Religious Education, Protestant Episcopal Church.

Dr. Stonewall Anderson, Board of Education, Methodist Episcopal Church, South.

Dr. J. E. Bradford, Board of Education, United Presbyterian Church.

Dr. Frank M. Sheldon, Congregational Education Society.

Dr. Robert L. Kelly, Executive Secretary, Council of Church Boards of Education.



### NOTES

The Council of Church Boards of Education officially accepted the partial report of the commission on the definition of a unit of Bible study (see "Christian Education," Volume II, No. 15, July, 1919), and upon motion requested the Boards to ask all college presidents to urge in their respective states the general acceptance of the unit of Bible study by Sunday Schools, secondary schools and colleges.

The officers of the Council were directed to send a similar suggestion to the presidents of the state colleges and universities and public normal schools.

It was reported that already such typical institutions as the University of Chicago and Smith College had adopted the definition of the commission for their own use. It was also reported that the commission's report has been approved by the State Department of Education in Maine and in Iowa.

The International Sunday School Association is publishing 10,000 copies of the commission's report and will urge its adoption in the Sunday Schools of the country. Other agencies will co-operate in an effort to make this definition an approved guide in the processes of religious education in the United States.

At the last annual meeting of the Association of Biblical Instructors in Colleges and Secondary Schools, held at Columbia University December 29-30, 1919, a cordial vote of thanks was extended to the Council of Church Boards of Education for the publication of the proceedings of the last annual meeting of the Association in the October number of "Christian Education."

Mr. David R. Porter of the International Committee of the Y. M. C. A. presented the following statement at the last annual meeting of the Council of Church Boards of Education. It was approved and directed sent to the Conference of Church Workers in Universities:

"The proposal has been made that there should be held next August a conference or assembly of Christian workers among students. The International Summer School Committee, made up of Y. M. C. A. secretaries, has voted unanimously

in favor of such assembly, to meet two or three weeks, beginning August 21. While proper emphasis would be given to lectures and fellowship, the main purpose of the meeting would be to work out policies for interdenominational work in schools, colleges and universities.

“A suggestion has been made by the International Summer School Committee that the Council of Church Boards of Education and the Conference of Church Workers in State Universities should, if it seems best to them, appoint sub-committees to co-operate in this proposed assembly and the preliminary work of the commissions.”

The Council of Church Boards of Education has authorized the appointment of a committee of two to membership upon the International Y. M. C. A. committee for the management of the Lake Geneva Summer Conference, and the Executive Secretary was authorized to appoint other members of the Council to serve upon similar committees in the management of other student summer conferences, whenever invitation comes for such appointment.

The University Committee of the Council of Church Boards of Education has been authorized to appoint a commission to collaborate in making a study of the proposed schools of religion in university centers, this study to be made on the basis of data secured by the Interchurch Survey.

---

### CO-OPERATING BOARDS.

The Board of Education of the Northern Baptist Convention:  
706 Ford Building, Boston, Mass.  
Ernest D. Burton, Chairman, 5525 Woodlawn Ave., Chicago.  
Frank W. Padelford, Executive Secretary.  
Walter J. Sparks, Financial Secretary, Landsdowne, Pa.  
Frank L. Miner, Treasurer, Des Moines, Iowa.

Education Board of the Southern Baptist Convention:  
317 Jefferson County Building, Birmingham, Ala.  
Frank S. White, President.  
J. E. Dillard, Secretary.  
E. S. Moore, Treasurer.

## Education Society, Seventh Day Baptist:

Alfred, N. Y.

William C. Whitford, President, Alfred, N. Y.

Paul E. Titsworth, Secretary and Treasurer.

Earl P. Saunders, Recording Secretary.

## Board of Education of the American Christian Convention:

11 Rutland St., Providence, R. I.

William G. Sargent, Secretary of Department and Chairman of Board.

## Congregational Education Society:

14 Beacon St., Boston, Mass.

Charles R. Brown, President.

Frank M. Sheldon, Secretary.

Harry M. Nelson, Treasurer.

Samuel F. Wilkins, Assistant Treasurer.

## Board of Education of the Disciples of Christ:

222 Downey Ave., Indianapolis, Ind.

I. N. McCash, President.

H. O. Pritchard, General Secretary.

Elizabeth Gilbert, Treasurer.

## Board of Education, United Evangelical Church:

449 West Chestnut St., Lancaster, Pa.

H. F. Schlegel, President.

H. H. Thoren, Secretary, 1546 Barry Ave., Chicago.

A. E. Goble, Treasurer, Myerstown, Pa.

## Board of Education of the Five Years Meeting of Friends:

Richmond, Ind.

D. M. Edwards, Chairman.

J. Edwin Jay, Secretary-Treasurer, Wilmington, Ohio.

## The Board of Education of the United Lutheran Church in America:

47 East Market St., York, Pa.

Alonzo J. Turkle, President, Stockton Ave. and Arch St., Pittsburgh.

Frederick G. Gotwald, Executive Secretary, York, Pa.

Howard R. Gold, Recording Secretary, 43 West 18th St., New York City.

Charles S. Bauslin, College Secretary, Evangelical Building, Harrisburg, Pa.

Paul H. Krauss, Students in State Universities, Masonic Temple, Chicago.

Miss Mary E. Markley, Women Students, 437 Fifth Ave., New York City.

John M. Snyder, Treasurer, Elkins Park, Pa.

The Board of Education of the Methodist Episcopal Church:  
150 Fifth Ave., New York City.  
Bishop William F. McDowell, President.  
Abram W. Harris, Corresponding Secretary.  
John W. Hancher, Associate Secretary, 58 East Washington, Chicago.  
Warren F. Sheldon, Assistant Secretary, State University Work.  
John L. Seaton, Assistant Secretary.  
George F. Thomson, Director of Publicity.  
Ralph E. Peck, Financial Secretary.  
Omar Powell, Treasurer.

Board of Education of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South:  
810 Broadway, Nashville, Tenn.  
Bishop W. B. Murrah, President.  
Andrew Sledd, Recording Secretary.  
Stonewall Anderson, Corresponding Secretary.  
W. E. Hogan, Assistant Secretary.  
D. M. Smith, Treasurer.

The Board of Education of the Methodist Protestant Church:  
507 Pittsburgh Life Building, Pittsburgh, Pa.  
J. W. Knott, President, New Brighton, Pa.  
George H. Miller, Secretary.  
C. M. Lippincott, Recording Secretary, 706 Ivy St., Pittsburgh.

Departments of Education and Ministerial Relief, The Presbyterian Church in the United States:  
410 Urban Building, Louisville, Ky.  
Henry H. Sweets, Secretary.  
John Stites, Treasurer.

General Board of Education of the Presbyterian Church in the U. S. A.:  
156 Fifth Ave., New York City.  
Hugh T. Kerr, President, Pittsburgh, Pa.  
Edgar P. Hill, General Secretary.  
Robert Mackenzie, Recording Secretary.  
James E. Clarke, Field Secretary.  
William H. Crothers, Associate Secretary.  
Frederick E. Stockwell, Associate Secretary.  
Louis E. Holden, Associate Secretary.  
Richard C. Hughes, Associate Secretary, 19 S. La Salle St., Chicago.  
Edward R. Sterrett, Treasurer, 156 Fifth Ave., New York.

General Board of Religious Education, Protestant Episcopal Church:

The Presiding Bishop and Council:

Rt. Rev. Thomas E. Gailor, D.D., President.

Mr. Lewis B. Franklin, Treasurer.

Department of Religious Education:

289 Fourth Avenue, New York.

Executive Secretary, Rev. William E. Gardner, D.D.

Secretary for College and University work and President of the National Student Council, Rev. Paul Micou.

Board of Education of the Reformed Church in America:

25 East 22d St., New York City.

Elias W. Thompson, President.

John G. Gebhard, Corresponding Secretary.

John F. Berry, Treasurer.

Board of Education of the Church of the United Brethren in Christ:

302 Otterbein Press Building, Dayton, Ohio.

Bishop C. J. Kephart, President, 3936 Harrison St., Kansas City, Mo.

William E. Schell, General Secretary.

L. O. Miller, Treasurer.

Board of Education of the United Presbyterian Church of North America:

1344 East 63d St., Chicago.

David F. Matchett, President.

George F. Ramer, Recording Secretary.

John E. Bradford, Corresponding Secretary.

Robert L. Wray, Treasurer Permanent Funds, Monmouth, Ill.

Hugh R. Moffet, Treasurer Income Funds, Monmouth, Ill.